DECEMBER 26, 1771. THE NUMBER 10[illegible]

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freſheſt ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE.——*Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

Printed by *ALEX. PURDIE*, and *JOHN DIXON*, at the POST OFFICE.

To JOHN MURRAY, *Governour of the Colony and Dominion of* VIRGINIA:

The ADDRESS of the People called QUAKERS.

May it pleaſe the Governour,

ALTHOUGH we embrace this Occaſion to join with our Fellow Subjects in expreſſing our real Sorrow for the Death of our late worthy Governour, whoſe affable Behaviour, and exemplary Conduct, endeared him to all Ranks and Societies, yet we ſincerely congratulate thee on thy Arrival in, and Acceſſion to, the Government of this Colony; and at the ſame Time declare our faithful Allegiance to King George the third, and a dutiful Regard for thoſe in Authority under him.

Time and Experience have in a good Degree removed that Prejudice which formerly ſubſiſted againſt our Profeſſion, and fully manifeſted that our Principles and Conduct are not inconſiſtent with good Government, Morality, and the Welfare of civil Society; which has procured us that Protection and Indulgence we now enjoy, and we hope will be continued to us under thy Adminiſtration.

We ſhall endeavour to promote that Peace and Harmony which renders Government eaſy to the Magiſtrate, and grateful to the People; and as the Example of Perſons in exalted Stations hath great Influence on the Conduct of others, we ſincerely deſire that God, the Fountain of every Excellence, may direct thy Steps, and enable thee to promote Virtue and Morality, and diſcourage Vice and Licentiouſneſs, which will make thy Adminiſtration eſſentially beneficial to the preſent Generation, and tranſmit thy Name with deſerved Honour to Poſterity.

The Governour's ANSWER.

I RECEIVE this loyal and dutiful Addreſs with great Satisfaction, and thank you for your obliging Congratulations to me. You may be aſſured that you ſhall, during my Adminiſtration, find the like Protection and Indulgence which you have before experienced, and which the laudable Endeavours that you promiſe to exert will juſtly entitle you to.

A PICTURE of EUROPE for 1771.

RUSSIA. STANDING in a bold Attitude, is adding another Quarter to her Arms. The Empreſs, ſitting triumphant on a Throne, with ſeveral Wreaths of Laurel fluttering round her Temples, is ſurrounded by the Ruſſians with their Swords drawn, and thirty Thouſand Turks in a kneeling Poſture.

DENMARK. The King ſitting in a Court of Juſtice in the Midſt of his Nobles, tearing away and deſtroying the Records, and replacing them with new. Fame, with her Trumpet, appears ſuſpended over his Head; and a Dove, with an Olive Wreath, is perched upon his Shoulder.

SWEDEN. The young King, on a raiſed Pedeſtal, appears embracing a Nobleman, a Clergyman, and a Peaſant, at the ſame Time, by the Necks; Emblems of the State of Government, during which Time he keeps a cloſe Eye on his Brother of Denmark. The Figure of Juſtice appears in the back Ground, but very obſcurely.

PRUSSIA. This Monarch, painted with a Head full of Eyes, is continually running about on Tiptoe from one Corner to another, and peeping from eaſt to weſt, from north to ſouth. His Eyes growing very *dim*, he wears Spectacles.

POLAND. A tall, meagre Figure, with one Arm and one Leg; a broken Shield by her Side, and an Olive Branch torn in a Thouſand Pieces lying behind her. A Ruſſian, pretending to anoint her Wounds, pours Oil over her Sores, but at Intervals throws in a Spoonful of Vinegar.

HUNGARY. This Queen appears with a little Boy in her Hand, whoſe Head is uncovered; ſhe leads him about from Place to Place in Search of *Something* to put on his Head, which ſhe is not likely to find.

GERMANY. The Emperour in a prodigious Buſtle, appears in a ready Humour for quarrelling, ſhakes his Head at Ruſſia, ſmiles on the Electors, nods at the King of Pruſſia, offers his Hand to Poland, and then draws it back; a comely Figure, but much puzzled.

HOLLAND. While other Nations of Europe are thinking of making Money, the Dutch are *making* it with all the Eaſe and Expedition poſſible.

FRANCE. The King appears in his Cabinet very much amuſed, the Chancellor at one Ear and the Comptroller at the other; the former diſplays all the Records of the Kingdom in his Hand, and threatens to burn them, whilſt the latter waves an empty Purſe. In the back Ground, a lame Seaman, and a Soldier with a Firelock cocked to his Monarch's Breaſt.

SPAIN. Appears with a long Toledo, keeping England at Bay; counts over a few Dollars; views eagerly forty Thouſand Men, who appear unarmed, on a large Plain. Having turned her Back upon France, ſhe leans with her right Arm on the Genius of South America.

PORTUGAL. An old Man upon a Couch; makes ſeveral Attempts to ſtrike a Blow, but trembles for the Conſequence.

ROME. The Pope repeating Homilies; nineteen Cardinals ſinging penitential Hymns; his Holineſs's Hat nodding on one Side of his Head; at a Diſtance, a Spaniard and a Frenchman dancing, after breaking their Chains.

NAPLES. The King ſtretched in an Arbour, liſtening to the Muſick of a full Concert; has Eunuchs for Attendants.

SARDINIA. His Majeſty booted and ſpurred, always ready for March; ſquints over to Corſica.

GREAT BRITAIN. On her Knees; the Cabinet Council playing at Backgammon; a Secretary of State ſinging the red Roſe at a Candle; Neptune ſupporting the Throne with his Head off.

IRELAND. Barefooted; ſinging the Iriſh Howl.

FLORIO, *an affecting* STORY.

THE Parents of the unhappy Youth whoſe Story we are about to relate dwelt at S——, a little Village in the County of N——; where his Father, a Man of great Merit, and ſtrict Piety, officiated as Curate, with an Income of about fifty Pounds a Year. Florio was their only Child, who, being a Lad of a ſprightly Genius, had ſo far improved, by the unwearied Aſſiduity of his Father, as to be, in his twelfth Year, a perfect Maſter of the Latin Tongue, and not entirely unacquainted with the Greek; yet, great as his Father's Care was in inſtructing him in theſe Points, it was ſtill far exceeded by a Regard for his Morals. He had imbibed the Seeds of Virtue from his Birth, and the affectionate Father took every Opportunity of improving them.

By theſe Means the little Family lived in the moſt exalted Happineſs, till the Youth had attained his fourteenth Year, when all their Bliſs was deſtroyed, by no leſs a Calamity than the Death of the indulgent Father, a Misfortune which could only be alleviated by the Reſignation with which he met the Hand of Providence. Nothing can be imagined more affecting than the Calmneſs of the Father, and the inexpreſſible Grief of the Mother and her Son. "The Pains of Death (exclaims the expiring "Huſband) bring no Terrour with them; I die relying "with Confidence on my bleſſed Redeemer. My only "Affliction is the Thoughts of your future Welfare; "perſevere, however, in the Steps which you have be-"gun, and truſt in the Lord for your Support. For "you, my dear Florio (embracing his Son in an Ecſtaſy "of Joy) I leave you expoſed to the Frowns of a mali-"cious World, but I truſt in the Goodneſs of your Heart "to ſupport you under every Calamity; but let me re-"commend it to you, above all Things, to remain du-"tiful to your Mother, and, for my Sake, be to her "both a Son and a Huſband, that ſhe may experience "at the ſame Time your Duty and Protection." He would have ſaid more; but finding his Spirits faint, he ended with, "Remember theſe my laſt Words when I "am gone; a few Minutes will remove me from you; "adieu for ever, adieu." He had ſcarce uttered theſe Words, when, with a Chriſtian Calmneſs, he expired.

His Widow, and her unfortunate Orphan, conſoled each other as well as this important Event would permit them. No Grief could recall the departed Parent, and they now began to turn their Eyes on their own Condition. A Relation, who was a Tradeſman in London, and had no Family of his own, had often deſired to have Florio to Town in his Father's Lifetime, which the tender Father could never be brought to comply with. However, on the News of the Clergyman's Death, the generous Altamont flew to S——, and prevailed on the afflicted Mother to part with her Son, promiſing to adopt him for his own. This was an unexpected Stroke on her: To loſe her Huſband, and now to be deprived of her Son, was more than ſhe could well bear; but recollecting it was not in her Power to make a Proviſion for Florio equal to his Merit, ſhe at length conſented to Altamont's Propoſals, who ſet out ſoon after for Town, overjoyed with his adopted Son.

The Mother, as ſhe had lived very frugal during the Life of her Huſband, had ſaved a little Money, which, as her Son was ſo well provided for, ſhe laid out in an Annuity, and, for the Sake of Cheapneſs, retired farther into the North, where ſhe kept up a conſtant Correſpondence with her Son, whoſe dutiful Letters were the greateſt Comfort of her Life.

Florio, after his Arrival in London, daily experienced freſh Inſtances of the diſintereſted Friendſhip of his Benefactor; and now the Bleſſings of Proſperity ſeemed again to ſmile upon him. His only Study was to pleaſe his generous Patron, who amply recompenſed his Aſſiduity by the moſt grateful Acknowledgments. In this Manner he ſpent near three Years, in the moſt perfect Felicity; but this Bliſs was too great to be permanent.

The Affairs of Altamont required his Preſence at a little Eſtate he had in the North, and as he knew his Buſineſs would be faithfully tranſacted by Florio, he propoſed ſtaying a Month or two in the Country; but not chooſing to leave the Care of his Houſe to a young Woman, he invited the Widow of his Friend Lothario to ſtay in it during his Abſence, as he was certain he might depend on her Prudence in managing his Family.

Having thus ſettled every Thing to his Mind, the generous Altamont ſet out on his intended Journey with great Satisfaction; but alas! little dreamed of the dreadful Chain of Miſeries which was ſo ſoon to follow.

The Widow of Lothario was left with two ſmall Children, both Boys, and a very ſcanty Proviſion to maintain them. One of them, however, ſurvived his Father but a ſhort Time; the other was maintained, by the Generoſity of ſome Friends, at a Boarding School in the Country; yet, notwithſtanding the Expenſes of her Children being taken off, the unfortunate Raphelia could ſcarce ſupport herſelf on her trifling Income. This Altamont knew, and for that Reaſon invited her to the Care of his Houſe.

She was naturally of an agreeable Temper; and, notwithſtanding all her Misfortunes, the Beauty of her Face was not totally vaniſhed. Her Affability ſoon procured her the Eſteem of Florio, which on her Side was repaid by the moſt affectionate Regard. She frequently, with a Flood of Tears, related to him the Happineſs ſhe once enjoyed with her loved Lothario, and the Miſeries ſhe had ſince his Death experienced. This could not fail of working on the benevolent Diſpoſition of Florio. He endeavoured to conſole her Anxiety, but in vain; he remonſtrated to her the Crime of murmuring at the Diſpenſations of Providence, but to that ſhe was entirely inattentive; and often, in the innocent Simplicity of his Heart, kneeled down before her, and earneſtly requeſted her, in that moving Poſture, to deſiſt from her Uneaſineſs. This Goodneſs ſerved only to increaſe, inſtead of alleviating, the Grief of Raphelia. She raiſed up the compaſſionate Youth, and tenderly embracing him, returned him her moſt grateful Thanks for his Pity, the Tears trickling all the While from both their Eyes. This Friendſhip imperceptibly increaſed into the moſt ardent Love. But now, Reader, it is Time to throw a Veil on theſe unhappy Lovers. Let it ſuffice to ſay, that in an ill fated Hour they were both ruined, though it is hard to tell which was the Seducer, or which the Seduced. In ſhort, they indulged their criminal Love till the Return of Altamont, who in his Journey had paid a Viſit to the Mother of Florio, and greatly comforted her with the Character he gave of the promiſing Youth her Son.

The Intrigue of Florio had never been ſuſpected by the Servants, as the Age of Raphelia gave a Sanction to any little Liberty taken before them. Upon Altamont's Arrival, and Inquiry into the State of his Affairs, he found all his Buſineſs had been exactly performed according to his Directions; nor was he leſs pleaſed with a Review of the domeſtick Care of Raphelia, which he acknowledged by a handſome Preſent.

Though ſhe was now removed from Florio, he ſtill purſued her to her Lodgings, unknown to Altamont or his Family; till one Evening, when he went as uſual, he found her in Tears. This he could not bear, and immediately requeſted the Reaſon of them; but judge, Reader, what muſt be his Surpriſe when ſhe declared herſelf pregnant! This was a Thought which had entered neither of their Heads, ſhe thinking herſelf ſecure by Age, and he by Youth. They were now diſtreſſed indeed; but as one Crime uſually brings on another, he reſolved to fly from the Shame which he ſaw approaching. Diſſembling his Mind, however, before her (a Thing which till then he had never been guilty of) he endeavoured to comfort her as well as he could, promiſing to call on her the next Day.

He left the Room, but without intending ever to ſee it again, and immediately entered on Board a Privateer fitting out for the Weſt Indies. They had not been out long before they met with a French Frigat, which the Captain reſolved to board. Florio, deſperate with Affliction, was permitted to be of the Number appointed to board her, and ſoon appeared upon the Deck of the Frenchman, where, overpowered by Numbers, he at laſt received a mortal Wound, though not before he had given ſeveral himſelf. He had the Satisfaction, however, before his Death, to ſee the Enemy's Flag ſtruck to the

Turkish Privateer. The Surgeon in vain endeavoured to relieve him; he was too far gone for Assistance, and soon after expired. On searching his Chest, a Letter was found directed to Altamont, filled with the most grateful Acknowledgments for all his Kindness, and acquainting him with the Reasons of his Elopement. This was conveyed to him as soon as they arrived in England, and the News soon reached the Ears of the unfortunate Raphelia, who, looking on herself as the Cause of his Death, took the horrid Resolution of destroying both herself and her unborn Infant by Poison, thinking to expiate her Guilt by the horrid Crime of Suicide.

Thus perished a Youth an innocent Victim to unlawful Love, who promised to be an Ornament to his Country; a melancholy Proof of the Danger of indulging too great a Friendship for a Woman, however unequal her Years may be. And thus likewise fell One, who had lived a Maiden and a Wife with an unblemished Reputation, and was unthinkingly lost by giving Way to too great a Sorrow for the Loss of her Husband; and who, stung to the Heart with the Reproaches of her own Conscience, closed the melancholy Period of her Life by putting in Execution the horrid Deed she had resolved on, leaving a wretched Orphan to the Friendship of Relations.

The most criminal not always the most unhappy. A moral Tale, by the celebrated Helvetius.

WANT formerly assembled a Number of Men in the Deserts of Tartary. Deprived of all, said One, we have a Right to all. The Law which strips us of Necessaries to augment the Superfluities of some Rajahs is unjust. Let us struggle with Injustice. A Treaty can no longer subsist, where the Advantages cease to be mutual. We must force from our Oppressors the Wealth which they have forced from us. At these Words the Orator was silent; a Murmur of Approbation ran through the whole Assembly. They applauded the Speech; the Project was noble, and they resolved to execute it; but they were divided about the Means. The bravest rose first. Force, said they, has deprived us of all; it is by Force we must recover it. If our Rajahs have by their tyrannick Injustice snatched from us what is necessary, so far as to require us to lavish upon them our own Substance, our Labour, and our Lives, why should we refuse to our Wants what the Tyrants permit to their Injustice? At the Confines of these Regions, the Bashaws, by the Presents which they require, divide the Profits of the Caravans; they plunder the Men, enslaved by their Power, and by Fear. Less unjust and more brave than them, let us attack Men in Arms; let Valour decide the Victory, and let our Riches be at least the Price of our Courage. We have a Right to them. The Gift of Bravery points out those who should shake off the Fetters of Tyranny. Let the Husbandman without Strength or Courage plow, sow, and reap. It is for us that he has gathered in the Harvest.

Let us ravage, let us pillage the Nations. We consent to all, cried those, who, having more Wit and less Courage, feared to expose themselves to Danger; yet let us owe Nothing to Force, but all to Imposture. We shall receive without Danger, from the Hands of Credulity, what we shall in vain perhaps attempt to snatch by Force. Let us clothe ourselves with the Name and the Habits of the Bonzes or the Bramins, and encompass the Earth. We shall see every One eager to supply our Wants, and even our secret Pleasures.

This Party appeared base and cowardly to those who were fierce and courageous. Being divided in Opinion, the Assembly separated: One Party spread itself into India, Tibet, and the Confines of China. Their Countenances were austere, and their Bodies macerated. They imposed on the People; they divided Families, caused the Children to be disinherited, and applied their Substance to themselves. The People gave them Lands, built them Temples, and settled great Revenues upon them. They borrowed the Arm of Power, in Order to make the Man of Understanding bow to the Yoke of Superstition. In short, they subdued all Minds by keeping the Sceptre carefully concealed under the Rags of Misery, and the Ashes of Penance.

During this Time their old brave Companions retired into the Deserts, surprised the Caravans, attacked them Sword in Hand, and divided among themselves the Booty.

One Day, when doubtless the Battle had not turned to their Advantage, the People seized one of these Robbers; they conducted him to the next City, they prepared the Scaffold, and they led him to Execution. He walked with a firm Step, till he found in his Way, and knew again, under the Habit of a Bramin, one of those who had separated from him in the Desert. The People respectfully surrounded the Bramin, and conducted him to his Pagod. The Robber stopped at seeing him: Just Gods! cried he, though equal in Crimes, what a Difference is there in our Destiny! what do I say! equal in Crimes! in one Day he has, without Fear, without Danger, without Courage, made more Widows and Orphans sigh, and deprived the Empire of more Riches, than I have pillaged in the whole Course of my Life. He had always two Vices more than I, Cowardice and Falsehood; yet I am treated as a Villain, he honoured as a Saint: They drag me to the Scaffold, him they lead to his Pagod; me they impale, him they adore.

LONDON. *September* 17.

THE cross Roads in Scotland, it is said, are to be farmed out in the Manner those of England were some Years ago, by the late Ralph Allen, Esquire.

A Correspondent says, it is no longer a Secret that Junius is the Duke of R——.

Junius, says a Correspondent, has more than once pleaded the Danger of his being assassinated as a Reason for keeping himself concealed. Assassination, however, for the Honour of England, is a Species of Revenge very much Adopted to in this Country. Mr. Wilkes, Surely, is as obnoxious at St. James's as Junius can possibly be, and yet he quietly walks through the least frequented Streets of Westminster, after Sunset, without dreading or feeling the Stab of any ministerial Murderer. This calls to our Recollection an Anecdote of Dennis, the famous Critick, who was patronized by the great Duke of Marlborough. Dennis had written a play called Liberty Asserted, in which he endeavoured to be uncommonly severe on the French Nation. When the Treaty of Peace was therefore talked of between Queen Anne's Ministry, and the Court of Versailles, the Poet flew in the utmost Trepidation to the Duke of Marlborough, and begged that his Grace would employ all the Interest he had to prevent the Author of Liberty Asserted from being given up, as he was sure that Tragedy had done the Enemy too much Injury not to be productive of a particular Stipulation with Britain in the Writer. The Duke of Marlborough smiled at the Apprehensions of poor Dennis, but told him he was then without Power to serve him; "nay, indeed (added his Grace) I am without Power to serve myself, for I fancy I have done the French almost as much Injury as you have, my dear Mr. Dennis, and yet I am not able to make my own Safety an Article of the present Negotiation." Though we intend no Parallel either between Junius and Dennis, or between Mr. Wilkes and the Duke of Marlborough, still we fancy Mr. Wilkes has done the Ministry as much Injury as Junius; and therefore if any Stiletto Business was to be apprehended, that Gentleman would be equally open to the Dangers of Assassination.

A few Days ago a young Lady of Fortune, in the Forest of Dean, in Gloucestershire, eloped with a young Fellow; and to avoid the Imputation of his stealing her, she rode first on the Horse, and stole him.

A Correspondent informs us that it has been whispered in several great Companies, at the west End of the Town, that the celebrated *Junius* is employed in writing a History of the Reign of George the third.

September 21. Thursday Afternoon, about two o'Clock, one of the Powder Mills at Mousley, in Surry, blew up. A young Man was blown through some Pales and killed; another was blown into the River, and his Head much cut, and Body burnt, who died yesterdy; and a third burnt in the Stomach and Belly, so much that his Liver and Bowels were seen, who likewise died yesterday, in great Agonies.

It is said that Orders will soon be given for six new ninety Gun Ships to be built at Portsmouth and Plymouth, on an entire new Construction, which will be navigated as easy as a third Rate of seventy four Guns.

A Correspondent informs us that the following extraordinary Method to fatten Turkies was lately found out in Cumberland: They cram them with Walnuts for twenty eight Days, beginning the first Day with one, the second with two, and so on increasing, that the last Day they give them twenty eight.

A Gentleman at Winchester meeting a Friend, told him *Vessel* was condemned to be hanged; Well, says the other, I am glad to find it is neither *you or I*.

It is remarkable that when the Common Hall has decided in Favour of Mr. John Wilkes's Friends the Livery has been complimented with the Name of *independent Englishmen, true Sons of Freedom, or Detesters of Tyranny*: Having on Thursday last, however, refused to be publickly duped, they are now *ministerial Tools, Supporters of the Shelburne Faction*, and avowed Enemies to the Liberties of their Country.

On Saturday last died, of the Wounds she received the preceeding Monday, Mrs. Nightingale, of Knoesworth. The Cause of the Misfortune is very affecting. Her Son Edward Nightingale, Esquire, had been for many Years disordered in his Senses, but being thought perfectly recovered, he was some Months ago restored to his Family, with whom he has lived in the greatest Amity and Regularity ever since, till the other Morning, his Servant Boy offending him, he had taken up a heavy Crab Stick to chastise him, but was prevented by the Appearance of Mrs. Nightingale, who pacified and persuaded him to throw away the Weapon and go into the House, which he consented to do; but in passing along a horrid Phrenzy suddenly seized him, and he first knocked down his Mother with his Fist, then ran back for the Crab Stick, and gave her several violent Blows, which fractured her Scull, and brought on this dreadful Catastrophe. He was soon after secured, to prevent his doing farther Mischief.

Letters from the Hague mention that the States General have given Orders for all the Barrier Towns belonging to that Republick to be constantly garrisoned, and all the Works put in a Posture of Defence.

Some Letters from St. Petersburg mention that by Means of some Ports in the Black Sea, which her Imperial Majesty is determined never to give up, the Russians will always have it in their Power to command the Navigation of the Black and Euxine Seas.

Extract of a Letter from Poix, *in* Picardy, *September* 10.

"Besides the general Discontent which prevails among all Ranks of People, the Failure of the Harvest forebodes a Famine, which will put an End to all Troubles. The Provinces of Picardy and Bologne are entirely ruined; they will not produce one Grain of Corn fit for sowing the Land. The Ministry have been applied to, to supply that Deficiency, for the Land must remain waste. This is, without Exaggeration, our real Situation."

To the worthy LIVERYMEN *of the* CITY *of* LONDON.

GENTLEMEN,

As by your free Choice we have the Honour of being the presiding Officers at the approaching Election of a Lord Mayor for this City, it is incumbent on us to correct an important Mistake we find repeated in many of the publick Prints, relative to the Day of that Election. "They "assert, that as Michaelmas Day falls this Year on a Sunday the Election "of a Lord Mayor will be on the Monday following, as in the similar "Case of the Sheriffs." The Case of the Election of the Sheriffs is truly stated; but by an express bye Law of our Corporation, passed in 1644, it is enacted, "That the Election of a Mayor shall be on Saturday, when "Michaelmas Day happens on Sunday." This Information we thought necessary to be given thus early, in the most publick Manner, especially to those Gentlemen of the Livery who live at a Distance from the Capital.

We have observed, with the deepest Concern, that a military Force has, on several Occasions, been employed by an unprincipled Administration, under the Pretence of assisting the civil Power in carrying the Sentence of the Laws into Execution. The Conduct of the present Sheriffs, in the remarkable Case of the two unhappy Men who suffered in July, near Bethnal Green, was truly patriotick. We are determined to follow so meritorious an Example; and as that melancholy Part of our Office will commence in a very few Days, we take this Opportunity of declaring, that, as the Constitution has intrusted us with the whole Power of the Country, we will not, during our Sheriffalty, suffer any Part of the Army to interfere, or even to attend, as on many former Occasions, on the Pretence of aiding or assisting the civil Magistrate. This Resolution we declare to the Publick, and to Administration, to prevent, during our Continuance in Office, the sending of any Detachments from the regular Forces on such a Service, and the Possibility of all future alarming Disputes.

The civil Power of this Country, we are sure, is able to support itself under a good Government. The Magistrate, with the Assistance of those in his Jurisdiction, is, by Experience, known to be strong enough to enforce all legal Commands without the Aid of a standing Army. Where that is not the Case, a Nation must sink into an absolute military Government, and every Thing valuable to the Subject be at the Mercy of the Soldiery and their Commander. We leave to our brave Countrymen of the Army the Glory of conquering our foreign Enemies. We pledge ourselves to the Publick for the faithful and exact Discharge of our Duty, in every Emergency, without their Assistance. We desire to save them a Service we know they detest, and we take on ourselves the painful Task of those unpleasing Scenes which our Office calls upon us to superintend. The Laws of our Country shall, in all Instances during our Sheriffalty, be solely enforced by the Authority and Vigour of a civil Magistrate.

We hope, Gentlemen, for the Advantage of your Counsels in whatever may occur to you for the general Welfare, and we entreat your favourable Acceptance of our Services.

We are, with great Regard, Gentlemen,
Your obliged and faithful humble Servants,

Guildhall, September 30. } JOHN WILKES. FREDERICK BULL.

September 28. At the Close of the Poll this Afternoon, at Guildhall, for Lord Mayor for the Year ensuing, the Numbers were as follow: Crosby seventy nine, Sawbridge ninety eight, Nash eighty three, Townsend twenty six, Halifax thirteen, Banks three.

We are assured, from undoubted Authority, that there are at this Time thirty Persons of Distinction, Subjects of France, incog. in this City. What Design is meant by this Finesse of the French Court (unless to burn the Capital) Time only will declare.

Letters from Bologna advise that it was generally believed there that the Chevalier de St. George was gone to Poland, but whether to join the Confederates Time will discover.

GLASGOW, *September* 5. We are glad to hear that the Monkland Canal is now carrying on with the greatest Alacrity and Despatch, more than four Miles of it being already cut, and it is expected that by the latter End of next Year this useful and publick Undertaking will be entirely finished.

Tuesday Morning last eighteen young Women, who had indented to go abroad, set off from this Place for Greenock, in Order to try their Fortunes in some of his Majesty's Plantations.

Extract of a Letter from Ayr, September 2.

"I am sorry to inform you that the People in this Part of the Country are determined not to be behind-hand with their Superiours, and that fashionable Court Intrigue is now no uncommon Thing. Even in the Village of Mauchline, a few Days ago, one Wright, a Gardener, made an Elopement with his Neighbour's Wife, one Mrs. Stewart, leaving Mr. Stewart his own Wife and Children in Pledge for what he has carried off. It is believed that Mrs. Stewart could not better up with the Want of the Wife than the Loss of a Horse, Value twelve Guineas, which Wright has likewise carried off with Him."

September 26. Friday last Lieutenant General Pitcairn and the Polish Ambassadour arrived at Alnwick Castle, from Scotland, where they were elegantly entertained by the Duke of Northumberland. The Ambassadour passed through Newcastle on Saturday, and the General arrived on Monday, and was attended by William Charleton, Esquire, one of his Grace's Auditors, to Tynemouth, and the Coal Works in that Neighbourhood, after which the General set out for the South.

BOSTON, *November* 29.

WE are credibly informed that Mr. William Johnson, of Canterbury, in Connecticut, during the last Season cut nineteen Tuns of Hay off three Acres and a Hundred Rods of Ground.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London *to his Friend in this Town, September* 22.

"The Commissary of Virginia is now here, with a View of prosecuting the Scheme of an American Episcopate. You will consider, Sir, in your Wisdom, whether any Measures on your Side may contribute to counteract this dangerous Innovation. Regarding it as threatening the Subversion both of our civil and religious Liberties, it shall meet with all the Opposition in my Power."

A Whaleman arrived at New London from Davis's Straits informs that on the 1st of June last a Dutch whaling Ship, of five Hundred Tuns, was destroyed there by Means of an Island of Ice, which she was near, breaking from the Top and falling upon her; but the People were taken up and saved by a Fleet in Company.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 28.

WE hear from Talbot County that a few Days ago Messieurs John Johnson and Loudon Cunninghame, two young Gentlemen, went out in Order to divert themselves with their Fowling Pieces, when unfortunately, in climbing over a Fence, Mr. Johnson's Piece accidentally went off, and Mr. Cunninghame being very near him, the whole Load went in at one of his Ears and came out at the other. Mr. Johnson's Distress for the unhappy Fate of his Friend and Acquaintance can hardly be conceived.

We also hear from the same County that last Week they had a most violent Storm of Wind; which blew down several Houses, particularly the Dwellinghouse of Mr. John Markland, near Oxford, by which an Negro Man was killed.

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 26.

A FARTHER Account of Elections:——For *Botetourt*, Mr. ANDREW LEWIS, and Mr. JOHN BOWYER.——*Augusta*, Mr. JOHN WILSON, and Mr. SAMUEL M'DOWELL.——*Fauquier*, Mr. THOMAS MARSHALL, and Mr. JAMES SCOTT.—*Prince William*, Mr. HENRY LEE, and Mr. FOUSHEE TEBBS.——*Loudoun*, Mr. THOMSON MASON, and Mr. FRANCIS PEYTON.——*Frederick*, Mr. ROBERT RUTHERFORD, and Mr. JAMES WOOD.—*Orange*, Mr. ZACHARIAH BURNLEY, and Mr. ——— WALKER.

The Perth Adventure, Robinson, from Perth, the ———, M'Culloch, and Pearl, Speirs, from Glasgow, are arrived in James River, and the Three Brothers, Cartwright, from Liverpool, in York River.

[MARRIAGES.] Reverend JAMES MAURY FONTAINE, Rector of Ware Parish, in Gloucester County, to Miss ALICE BURWELL.

[DEATHS.] Mrs. ANNE BURGESS, Spouse of the Reverend Mr. Burgess, of Isle of Wight County.

To Mr. PURDIE.

SIR,

AS you seem to be engaged by a certain Andromachus in one of your late Gazettes, to make up a North British Packet for the Information of Junius Americanus, would it not be kind in you also to tell J. A. that the Apothecary's Boy who makes himself the Author of that very witty Letter intends to offer himself as a Candidate for one of Lord Hillsborough's Committee of Correspondence, that is expected to be erected in this Part of America, for the better Information to his Lordship as to those Acts of Assembly which, from their salutary Tendency, would be most distressful to the People of the Colony, by being repealed, for the Sake of an arbitrary ministerial Pleasure; and that he is preparing to qualify himself to fit that Post, suitable to his Lordship's own constitutional Principles, by the frequent Use of diabolical Untruths, such as he has given a Specimen of in your Gazette, which cannot even be countenanced by the Records of his favourite Court of Hustings, or by the least Circumstance of that Fact, so roundly asserted by him, as being either a Fellow Student or Shopmate with J. A. in any Apothecary's Shop whatever, it being a most necessary Accomplishment in any such Committee Man to be ready on all Occasions with Infamy to support so laudable a Purpose as ministerial Revenge against those patriotick Struggles lately made for the Cause of Liberty. But should this sleepy Treatise of Andromachus in any Manner lessen the Virtue of that real Antidote to the late discovered poisonous Treachery which J. A. has endeavoured to administer, by communicating to his Countrymen that villainous Attempt made by the broken Adventurer who not long ago fled here from the Force of those terrible Detectors of fraudulent Chapmen called Statutes of Bankrupcy, where he met with a Success that never before attended any Gallows Knave, who have generally only been happy enough to escape with Life; for which extreme humane Treatment he has, it seems, been most gratefully counteracting the whole Legislature of the Country he still lives in, in a Kind of matchless Concert with the memorable Practiser of the Law who would sell his native Country to be a Great the richer for it. On the contrary, should not this truly patriotick Hint of J. Americanus rather incline the succeeding Assembly, by Way of Precedent, to look into the British Parliament History in King William the third's Days, where they must read, in a Case nearly similar in its Consequences to this Attempt of these two Worthies, that although the Policy of some really conciliating Reasons would not permit this Question to pass in the affirmative, yet, by Order of the House, the Speaker was directed to have it printed with the Votes, that whosoever advised his Majesty not to give his Assent to a Bill (regulating Elections) was an Enemy to his Country. And is not an Adviser of an enraged Minister, from a Country that cannot possibly be ever so happy as to see their Prince equally culpable in its Tendency? In my Sense of Things, they must be the same; only as, from the possible Presence of the injured Representatives, Things of this Sort might be prevented, the latter Instance, where they cannot be present, must naturally come under the blacker Die of Treachery. We will acknowledge this may not be any great Bugbear to some People; however, from a probable Change of Circumstances, even those may be more affected with such a Stamp than they would be with any other Sort fixed on some remarkable Part of their Bodies; because, although Characters and Reputations, when the Pockets are low, are often indifferent as to what they deserve or suffer, yet when Industry or even any mean Art, removes that collapsing Quality, it is often seen in the Complexions of their Countenances, or Cast of their Mettle, that a mere Wish of Despondency would willingly have the Remembrance of it erazed; and the greatest Villain on Earth, as soon as he robs, plunders, or cheats himself into the Size of a Gentleman, would gladly eat One, if the World, or his Conscience, would let him.

Advertisements.

THOSE indebted to *Robert* and *Robert Boyle* and *Scott*, of *London*, Merchants, are desired to take Notice that if they fail to discharge their respective Balances before, or at, the next *April* General Court, the Subscriber (who will then attend, and is now furnished with their several Accounts, properly authenticated) will immediately commence Suits, without Respect to Persons. The Indulgence already granted, he hopes, when considered, will induce them to prevent this disagreeable Measure. WILLIAM BOGLE.

HANOVER Town, *December* 23, 1771.

I INTEND for *England* immediately, and to return in the Spring. HARDIN BURNLEY, Junior.

N. B. STRAYED, or STOLEN, on the 25th of *September*, a forrel HORSE about five Feet high, with a light hanging Mane and Switch Tail, branded on the near Buttock RA, not very plain, has a good Deal of White in his Face, two or three white Legs, his fore Hoofs much inclining to split, was shod before, and paces and gallops. Whoever brings the said Horse shall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward, and FIVE POUNDS if the Thief is secured. HARDIN BURNLEY.

To be SOLD *at the* POST-OFFICE,
WILLIAMSBURG.

DOCTOR *Chandler's Answer to the Objections and Misrepresentations* of Doctor *Chauncy*, and others, in Regard to the intended AMERICAN EPISCOPATE. Two Volumes, Price Seven Shillings.

An ADDRESS from the CLERGY of NEW YORK and NEW JERSEY to the EPISCOPALIANS in VIRGINIA, occasioned by some late Transactions in that Colony relative to an AMERICAN EPISCOPATT. Price one Shilling and threepence.

JAMES HALDANE, COPPER SMITH *and* BRASS FOUNDER *from* Philadelphia, *in* Church *Street, near the Church*, Norfolk,

MAKES and sells all Sorts of COPPER and BRASS WORK, namely, Stills, Brewing Coppers, Sugar Boilers, Fullers and Hatters Coppers, Capuchin Plate Warmers, Tea Kitchens, all Sorts of Ship, Fish, and Wash Kettles, Sugar Pans, *Dutch* Ovens, Tea Kettles, Saucepans, Coffee and Chocolate Pots, Brass Mill Work, Furniture for Coach and Chair Harneſs, Fenders, Andirons, Candleſticks, Cocks, &c. at the moſt reaſonable Rates. Alſo tins and mends all Sorts of old Copper and Braſs Kitchen Work, and gives the beſt Prices for old Copper, Braſs, Pewter, or Lead. 3s.

*** All Orders from the Country will be punctually attended to.
N. B. *He deals for Caſh, or Country Produce.*

Mr. BAKER, *Surgeon Dentiſt*,

BEGS Leave to inform the Gentry that he is now at *Mr. Maupin's*, in *Williamſburg*, and will wait on them on receiving their Commands. He cures the SCURVY in the GUMS, be it ever ſo bad; firſt cleans and takes the Teeth from that corroſive, tartarous, gritty Subſtance which hinders the Gums from growing, infects the Breath, and is one of the principal Cauſes of the Scurvy, which, if not timely prevented, eats away the Gums, ſo that many Peoples Teeth fall out freſh. He prevents Teeth from growing rotten, keeps ſuch as are decayed from becoming worſe, even to old Age, makes the Gums grow up firm to the Teeth, and renders them white and beautiful. He fills up with Lead or Gold, thoſe that are hollow, ſo as to render them uſeful; it prevents the Air from getting into them, which aggravates the Pain. He tranſplants natural Teeth from one Perſon to another, which will be as firm in the Jaw as if they originally grew there, without any Ligament. He makes and fixes artificial Teeth with the greateſt Exactneſs and Nicety, without Pain or the leaſt Inconvenience, ſo that they may eat, drink, or ſleep, with them in their Mouths as natural Ones, from which they cannot be diſcovered by the ſharpeſt Eye. He diſplaces Teeth and Stumps, after the beſt and eaſieſt Methods, be they ever ſo deep ſunk into the Socket of the Gums. He has given ſufficient Proof of his Abilities in this Art to the principal Nobility, Gentry, and others, of *Great Britain, France, Ireland, Holland*, and other principal Places in *Europe* and *America*; alſo to upwards of two Thouſand Perſons in *New York* and *Boſton*.

N. B. His DENTRIFICE is quite free from any corroſive Preparation, will reſtore the Gums to their priſtine State, will prevent the Toothach, and render the Breath delicately ſweet, if the tartarous Subſtance is off the Teeth, and will remedy all thoſe Diſorders that are the Conſequence of ſcorbutick Gums. It may be had, with proper Directions, at his Lodgings; each Pot is ſealed with his Coat of Arms, as in the Margin of the Directions, to prevent Fraud.

HANOVER, *December* 21, 1771.

I HEREBY give Notice that Captain *Jacob Handley* has my Bond in Poſſeſſion for upwards of twenty Pounds, ſince the Execution of which our Connexions have been ſuch as to bring the ſaid *Handley* in Arrear to me: I therefore forewarn any Perſon from taking an Aſſignment of the ſaid Bond, as it will not meet an Acceptance from me. 2‖ FORTUNATUS CRUTCHFIELD.

LOST, *in* HAMPTON *Road*,

A YAWL belonging to the Brig *Molly*, of *Norfolk*, *Samuel Mitchinſon* Commander. It is about eighteen Feet Keel, painted green above, and yellow below, a white Bottom, rows with ſix Oars, and had a Chain and Rope to her. Whoever delivers her to Mr. *Eilbeck*, Merchant, in *Norfolk*, ſhall have a GUINEA Reward.

SAMUEL MITCHELL.

LOST, on *Saturday* the 14th of this Inſtant *(December)* from on Board the Brigantine *Alice, George Carlton* Maſter, in *Lynhaven* Bay, nearly oppoſite to *Crump's* Hill, an ANCHOR of about eight Hundred Weight, with a new ten Inch CABLE, on which was a Buoy and two empty Barrels, and a Buoy on the Anchor. At the Time they were loſt Cape *Henry* bore E. S. E. diſtant about two Leagues, and *Crump's* Hill S. S. E. about the ſame Diſtance. Whoever finds them, and will deliver them to us at *Norfolk*, ſhall be paid the cuſtomary Salvage.

JAMES & JOHN TAYLOR.

DECEMBER 10, 1771.

THIS is to inform thoſe who bought Lands of me that I ſhall attend at *Culpeper* Courthouſe from the 10th to the 13th of *April* next, in Order to make Deeds to the ſeveral Purchaſers, and to receive the Money due on their Bonds; which if they fail in, they may expect to be immediately ſued.

ALEXANDER SPOTSWOOD.

PISCATAWAY *(in Eſſex) December* 20, 1771.

HAVING diſcontinued the Store kept at *Tappahannock* on my Account, I have opened, this Fall, a large and genteel Aſſortment of GOODS, lately imported from *London*, at my Landing, on *Piſcataway* Creek, about a Mile from the Mouth of it; where all Perſons may be ſupplied on very low Terms for Caſh, Tobacco, Corn, Plank, Shingles, or Staves, as well as on Credit.

4‖ MERIWETHER SMITH.

FALMOUTH, *December* 14, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Ship is expected into *Rappahannock* in *January*, with a Number of indented SERVANTS for Sale; and that there will be Room for a Hundred and fifty Hogſheads of Tobacco, on Liberty. Whoever inclines to ſhip that Quantity, or any Part thereof, for *London*, will be pleaſed to ſignify the ſame by a Line to 1‖ DAVID BRIGGS.

THE Creditors of *Anthony M'Kittrick*, and Company, being diſappointed in the Meeting propoſed at the *October* Court, all Perſons who have any Demands againſt that Company are deſired to ſend an Account of their Claims to the Subſcriber, at *Fredericſburg*, before the *April* Court, when a Dividend is intended to be made HENRY MITCHELL.

NORFOLK, *December* 26, 1771.

THE TALLOW CHANDLER's Buſineſs is ſtill carried on by the Subſcriber, at the NORTH AMERICAN Coffeehouſe, in *Church* Street; where he makes and ſells the beſt moulded CANDLES at ten Pence Halfpeny a Pound by the Box, dipped Ditto at nine Pence Halfpeny. Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom may depend on his utmoſt Endeavours to give Satisfaction.

ROGER PEARSE.

*** He keeps genteel LODGINGS for Gentlemen, with good Stables and Proviſion for Horſes.

PURSUANT to the laſt Will and Teſtament of *William Stith*, deceaſed, to be ſold on the Premiſes, on *Tueſday* the 9th of *February* next, altogether, or in Parcels, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers, about fifteen Hundred Acres of LAND on *Herring* Creek, in *Charles City* County, with eaſy Payments, which will be made known at the Day of Sale. Good Security will be required.

ROBERT WALKER, Executor.

To be SOLD, *on* Tueſday *the* 31ſt *Inſtant* (December) *at the Dwelling-houſe of* Francis Willis, *Junior*,

A VARIETY of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, conſiſting of Dreſſing Tables, Chairs, Deſks, and Book Caſes, Beaufet Glaſſes, many Books of Hiſtory and Divinity; alſo Kitchen and Dairy Furniture, two Hooded Mares, Riding and Plough Horſes, a ſingle Chair and Harneſs, &c. &c. The Purchaſers will have twelve Months Credit allowed for all Sums above thirty Shillings, on giving Bond and Security to the Subſcriber.

ANY Perſon well qualified for a BOOK-KEEPER, on Application to *Meſſrs. Purdie & Dixon*, will meet with good Encouragement.

To be SOLD,

THAT Plantation whereon my Brother *Peter Tabb* lived, in *Charles* Pariſh, *York* County, containing two Hundred and thirty ſix Acres, with a Brick Houſe and ſeveral Outhouſes; it lies convenient to Church, Mills, Fiſh, and Oyſters. A good Title will be made, and the Terms may be known by applying to *Mr. William Sweenſon*, Merchant, in *York* Town, to *Mr. Alexander Graham*, Merchant, at the Halfway Houſe between *York* and *Hampton*, who lives near the Plantation, or to me, in *Mecklenburg*.

JOHN TABB.

To be SOLD, *at Colonel* Boſwell's, *in* Hanover *County, on Tueſday the* 14th *of* January,

A TRACT of LAND belonging to *Nathaniel Weſt Dandridge*, Eſquire, which is laid off in convenient Lots. A ſufficient Title will be made, and twelve Months Credit allowed the Purchaſers, on giving Bond and Security to JOHN JOHNSON.

For SALE, *and to be entered on immediately*,

TWO Tracts of LAND, one of which contains nine Hundred and fifty Acres, and the other four Hundred, lying on the Branches of *Slate* River, in the County of *Buckingham*, with all neceſſary Houſes for Cropping, and is convenient to Church, Mill, and Courthouſe. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes. WILLIAM SALLIE, Senior.

RUN away from the Poor Houſe belonging to St. *Paul's* and St. *Martin's* Pariſhes, *Hanover* County, in *November* 1770, an outlawed Negro named PHILL, about five and thirty Years of Age, middle ſized, of a yellow Complexion, an artful, ſmooth, talkative Fellow, and probably may endeavour to paſs for a Freeman. He has worked ſome Time at the Carpenter's and Cooper's Trades, but knows very little of either. He formerly belonged to the late Speaker *(Robinſon)* of *King and Queen*. When he went away he had on the uſual Negro Dreſs, and ſtole ſundry other Clothes. Whoever delivers him to me ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, if he is taken in the Colony, and EIGHT POUNDS if out thereof.***—Maſters of Veſſels and others are hereby forewarned from carrying him out of the Country.

JOHN LAWRENCE.

RUN away, ſome Time in *April* laſt, a *Virginia* born Negro Man named DAVID (alias *David Gaſco*) about thirty Years old, five Feet nine or ten Inches high, remarkably well made, has loſt one or both of his great Toes by being Froſt-bitten, one Finger next the little One has been hurt, which occaſions it to ſtand erect, and has loſt ſome of his Teeth. He had on, when he went away, a Cotton Jacket and Breeches, and an Oſnabrug Shirt. Whoever brings him to me, in *Lunenburg*, ſhall have five Pounds Reward.

WARREN BEUFORT.

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 26, 1771.

STRAYED from the Subſcriber, on *Sunday* Night laſt, a bay HORSE about four Feet eight Inches high, with a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, and paces naturally. Alſo a bay MARE about four Feet ſix Inches high, neither dockt nor branded. Whoever delivers them to me, or to Mr. *William Barrett*, at his Ferry, in *James City*, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

WILLIAM DRINKARD.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from *Charlotte* Courthouſe, on the 4th of this Inſtant *(December)* a white HORSE about five or ſix Years old, four Feet ten Inches high, paces and trots, one of his fore Hoofs is black, and the reſt white, ſhod before, and branded on the near Shoulder G. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to me, upon *Ward's* Fork, in *Charlotte* County, or gives me ſuch Intelligence as will enable me to get him again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, if he is taken in the Colony, and FORTY SHILLINGS if out thereof, beſides FIVE POUNDS on Conviction of the Thief.

GEORGE HANNAH.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a ſorrel Mare with a Star in her Forehead, a Snip on her Noſe, branded on the near Buttock P, and on the near Shoulder H K. Poſted, and appraiſed to four Pounds five Shillings. THOMAS BOLLING.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a ſmall bay HORSE with a Star in his Forehead, a Sprig Tail and ſhort Mane, and branded on the near Shoulder ɔ. Poſted, and appraiſed to twenty five Shillings.

WILLIAM JONES.

TAKEN up, in *Henrico*, a young bay HORSE about four Feet ſeven Inches high, the left hind Leg white, with a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, and branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock B. Poſted, and appraiſed to fifteen Pounds. SAMUEL LUCAS.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a ſmall brindled and white HEIFER, and a ſmall red and white STEER, both marked with a Crop and two Slits in the right Ear, and an Underkeel in the left. Poſted, and appraiſed to one Pound ſeventeen Shillings and Sixpence.

NATHANIEL HOOD.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a ſmall black HORSE four Feet four or five Inches high, about fourteen Years old, with a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, and branded on the near Buttock I S. Poſted, and appraiſed to four Pounds. EDWARD WALKER.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a reddiſh brindled STEER with a white Spot on his Forehead and down his Face, ſome White on his Belly, a Crop in both Ears, and a Slit in the left. Poſted, and appraiſed to three Pounds ten Shillings. THOMAS RAILEY.

TAKEN up, in *Auguſta*, a dark bay HORSE about five or ſix Years old, paces and trots, has a ſmall Star in his Forehead, and had a Bell on. Poſted, and appraiſed five Pounds ten Shillings.

JOHN RISK.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a brindled HEIFER with a Slit and Half Crop on the upper Side of the right Ear, and a Hole and Half Crop in the left. BENJAMIN BRANCH.

TAKEN up, in *Cheſterfield*, a red and white STEER with two ſmooth Crops, a Hole in the left Ear, and two Slits in the right. Poſted, and appraiſed to three Pounds.——Alſo a white BARROW with a Bob Tail, and marked with a ſmooth Crop in the right Ear. Poſted, and appraiſed to twenty Shillings. JOHN ARCHER.

HENRICO, *December* 17, 1771.

IF the Heir of *Philip Yeates Jobſon*, deceaſed, will apply to the Subſcriber, who adminiſtered on his Eſtate, he will receive the Produce of it, amounting to about fifteen Pounds, on proving his being legally entitled to it.

2‖ GEORGE COX, Adminiſtrator.

For CHARTER *to* SPAIN, PORTUGAL, *or any Port in* BRITAIN,

THE Snow BETSEY, Burthen about two Hundred and fifty Hogſheads of Tobacco, a ſtrong new Veſſel, and built purpoſely for the Grain Trade. For Terms apply to Mr. *Gawin Lowſon*, Merchant, in *Falmouth*, or to the Subſcriber, in *Northumberland*.

1 ROBERT GILMOUR.

WANTED, at *Cabin Point*, a SCHOOL-MASTER who can teach *Engliſh*, Writing, and Arithmetick. Such a One, with proper Recommendations, will meet with Encouragement by applying to JOHN COCKE, JAMES BELSCHES.

DECEMBER 20,

I HEREBY forewarn all Perſons from trading on my Lands, as thoſe who purſue to do ſo will be proſecuted. ALEXANDER

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 19, 1771.

WHEREAS the Revenues of the College, unleſs more Care and Exactneſs be uſed in the Collection of them, cannot continue equal to the Expenſes; and whereas a conſiderable Amount is due to the College, which ariſes from ſmall Sums eaſy to be paid by each individual Debtor, all Perſons concerned are therefore deſired to take Notice of the following Regulations, paſſed at a late Meeting of the Preſident and Maſters:

If any Perſon who owes Money to the College on Bond does not either pay off all the Intereſt, that is or ſhall be due, on or before the 10th of *May* next, or in the mean Time give a new Bond, with approved Security, for the whole Debt, both Principal and Intereſt, his Bond ſhall be put into a Lawyer's Hand on the ſaid 10th of *May*, with Orders to bring Suit, and obtain Satisfaction for it as ſpeedily as the Forms of Law will permit. If, after the ſaid 10th of *May*, the Intereſt due on any Bond be not regularly paid, at the Expiration of each Year, the Bond ſhall be put in Suit without farther Notice or Delay.

A ſalutary Order of the Viſiters and Governours, directing every Boarder, on his Admiſſion into the College, to pay for ſix Months Board in Advance, is evaded and rendered nugatory if the like Sum be not paid per Advance by every Boarder at the End of each Half Year. All, therefore, who are in Arrears for Board, are required to diſcharge them by the ſaid 10th of *May*. On Failure, the Boarders ſhall be diſmiſſed from the College until the Accounts againſt them be diſcharged, or recovered by Suit. And after the 10th of *May* next, if Payment for Board in Advance, as above mentioned, be neglected, the Boarders ſhall not be ſuffered to continue in the College for more than one Month after ſuch Neglect, but ſhall, in that Time, be ſent away with his Account, and ſhall not be received again till it be diſcharged.

All Surveyors who have not ſettled with the Burſar of the College, for all their publick and private Surveys ſince the General Court in *April* laſt, are required to ſettle with him before the 10th of *May* next, under the Penalty of being ſuperſeded, and having their Bonds ſued. If among theſe Surveyors there be any from whom Nothing is due to the College, it is demanded of them, under the ſame Penalty, to tranſmit to the Burſar atteſted Declarations of there being Nothing due from them to the College. And, after the 10th of *May* next, if any Surveyor ſhall omit ſending atteſted Accounts or Declarations (as above ſpecified) annually, he ſhall be ſuperſeded, and have his Bond ſued.

That this Advertiſement may not be treated with that Contempt which ſeveral Notices of the like Kind have met with, and that no Body may hereafter plead Want of due Information concerning the Premiſes, this Advertiſement is to be printed weekly in the Gazette until the 10th of *May* next enſuing. By Order of the Preſident and Maſters.

ROBERT MILLER, Burſar.

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 19, 1771.

JUST received by the *Etty*, Captain *Jackſon*, from *Whitehaven*, ſundry GOODS conſigned to us for Sale, which we propoſe to ſell at a very low Advance, for ready Money or ſhort Credit, by the Package; if any One buys the Whole, we will take Tobacco in Payment, at the Market Price. The Goods are——Five Caſks of broad and narrow Hoes, Value fifty Pounds Sterling; five Caſks of Nails and Brads, very well aſorted, Count the long Hundred; two Hogſheads of Felt Hats, from fifteen Shillings to thirty ſix a Dozen; one Bale of Rugs, from five and Sixpence to thirteen and Sixpence; one Bale of Duffils, Beaver Coating, and Broadcloths, with Trimmings, low priced, very well aſorted, Value ſeventy one Pounds Sterling; one Truſs of *Iriſh* Linens, very well aſorted; one Box of Caſtor Hats; one Bundle of Whips, well aſorted; one Truſs of home made Checks, from ten Pence to ſixteen Pence, Value forty Pounds Sterling; one Truſs of brown Holland, from ſeven Pence Halfpeny to fifteen Pence a Yard.

Juſt imported, on our own Account, a large and freſh Aſſortment of IRISH LINENS, WHITE and BROWN SHEETING, DOWLAS, and DROGHEDA LINENS; which we will ſell on very reaſonable Terms. Alſo a freſh Aſſortment of fine SCOTCH WHITE THREADS, OSNABRUG, COLOURED, and SHOE THREADS, Wholeſale or Retail, at our uſual low Rates.

2 ALLAN & TURNER.

CABIN POINT, *December* 14, 1771.

THE Subſcribers, Truſtees of Mr. *William Simmons*'s Eſtate, will be able to make a Dividend of the Money received on that Account by the enſuing General Court; his Creditors are therefore deſired to tranſmit an Account of their reſpective Claims to us, that they may then receive a Proportion of the Money in Hand, and determine us on the Diſpoſal of the Remainder of the ſaid Eſtate.

JAMES BUCHANAN, JAMES BELSCHES, } Truſtees.

THE Subſcriber has for Sale nine Hundred and ninety Acres of LAND in *Suſſex* County, on the ſouth Side of *Nottoway* River, adjoining, or near, the Lands of Colonel *Nicholas Maſſenburg*, and within three Miles of the Courthouſe, whereon are two ſmall Plantations, with ſome Improvements. The Land is very good for Grain, and will produce good Tobacco with little improving. The Whole, or any Part of it, as may beſt ſuit Purchaſers, will be ſold on reaſonable Terms, and long Credit (if required) allowed for the Payment of the Money. Any One inclinable to treat for the ſame is deſired to apply to

1 WILLIAM MASON.

To be SOLD,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND lying on *Sandy* Creek, in *Pittſylvania* County, containing twelve Hundred Acres, a conſiderable Part of which is low Ground, being the Land which lately belonged to Mr. *William Kennon*, of *Charles City*. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to Mr. *Thomas Tuttle*, in *Pittſylvania*, or to CABIN POINT, *Dec.* 14. 6 JAMES BELSCHES.

For SALE,

THIRTEEN Hundred and thirty five Acres of LAND, with three Plantations thereon, lying in *Nanſemond* County, within ſeven Miles of *Suffolk*. Alſo two Hundred and fifty Acres within eight Miles of *Hog Iſland*, in *Surry* County, convenient to *James* River, and well improved. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms, and be ſhown the Land, by applying to the Subſcriber, who lives on the laſt mentioned Tract. 4‖ THOMAS NEWBY, Junior.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt Bidders, at the late Dwelling-houſe of* Peter Jones, *Junior, deceaſed, in* Dinwiddie, *on* Wedneſday *the* 1ſt *of* January, *if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day*,

ALL the perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed, conſiſting of Horſes, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Houſehold and Kitchen Furniture; for which twelve Months Credit will be allowed the Purchaſers, for all Sums above five Pounds. At the ſame Time and Place will be hired twenty four SLAVES, for one Year, for which Bond and Security will be required.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Lancaſter*, on the 9th of this Inſtant *(July)* a *Virginia* born Negro Fellow named GEORGE, about twenty ſix Years of Age, five Feet ſeven or eight Inches high, a well made Fellow, tolerably black, has a ſmall Scar acroſs one of his Eyebrows, and a Nick in the under Part of one of his Ears, but which I cannot be poſitive. He ſpeaks clear, diſcourſes well, and plays well on the Fiddle. As he has ſome Time gone by Water, I expect he will endeavour to get on Board a Veſſel, in Order to make his Eſcape. This is, therefore, to forewarn all Maſters of Veſſels either to harbour or carry him off. Whoever takes him up, and contrives him to me in the County above mentioned, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, if taken in *Virginia*, and if out of the Colony TEN POUNDS, and all reaſonable Expenſes paid. RICHARD CHILTON.

N. B. I would have any Perſon, ſhould they take the ſaid Runaway, ſo ſecure him well, as he is a very deceiving Fellow.

To be SOLD *by publick Vendue, at* Norfolk, *on* Thurſday *the* 2d *of* January,

THE Effects of Meſſ. *Sprowle & Cruſe*, late of *Norfolk*, Merchants, conſiſting of *Northward* and *Weſt India* RUM, LOAF and MUSCOVADO SUGAR, SPERMACETI CANDLES in Boxes, BIRMINGHAM GINGER, and many other MERCHANDIZE, and many HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Six Months Credit will be allowed the Purchaſers for all Sums above five Pounds, on giving Bond and approved Security to the Adminiſtrator. JOHN MACRAE,

POETS CORNER.

POST from PARNASSUS.

The Fate of CESAR.

As penſive on my Bed I lay,
And num'd the Midnight Hours away,
My Boſom glowing with thoſe Fires
Which Shakeſpear's magick Page inſpires;
The Moon, whoſe waning ſcanty Light
Gave dubious Objects to the Sight,
Beneath a Cloud retir'd her Ray,
And wrapp'd in Gloom the Chamber lay;
Winds wav'd along the lengthen'd Wall,
The Cricket ſhrick'd his thrilling Call;
The Dead-Watch click'd the ſick Man's Knell,
And Dogs ſent forth their boding Yell;
Quick beat my Pulſe, my Soul was tun'd
To ſympathiſe with every Sound,
When from the Room's moſt darkſome Side
I ſaw a pompous Image glide:
Looſe from him flow'd the Roman Gown,
His Brows inveſted with a Crown;
His red right Arm a Scepture bore,
And regal Pride his Aſpect wore.
But when his Steps approach'd more near,
I mark'd his Features daſh'd with Fear;
I ſaw, beneath his Purple Robe,
His Breaſt with bitter Anguiſh throbe.
His cruel Eye around he caſt,
Then rais'd his Arm, and ſtruck his Breaſt,
With Aſpect ſtrange his Robe he tore,
And daſh'd his Sceptre on the Floor.
Intent I gazed to deſcry
If ought ſubſtantial took his Eye:
With deep Amaze, I then beheld
The Air around with Figures fill'd
Conſpicuous far above the reſt
The Form of VIRTUE ſtood
And, Hand in Hand with her,
Of haughtier Mien and fiercer —
Whoſe Eyes flaſh'd with indigna
'Twas LIBERTY, the peerleſs
From their Regard the Tyrant
And with convulſive Anguiſh bur
While FREEDOM, with Reſentment red,
Menac'd Revenge upon his Head,
And gaily lifting up her Hand,
She pointed to a diſtant Band.
My eager Eye her Arm purſu'd,
And ſoon the awful Preſence view
In cloſe Divan the Heroes ſtood;
Stern, yet untroubled, was their Mood;
On each confiderate Viſage ſat
Reſolve, that conquers Chance or Fate;
Yet One there ſeem'd the Chief of all,
Pale was his Cheek, his Stature tall;
'Midſt Storms and Tempeſts fit to reign,
His Port was Honour and Diſdain;
Frowning, he bent his black Eyebrow,
And prying look'd the Tyrant through.
Near him a Hero more humane,
Of ſober Air and gentle Strain,
With pitying Look great *Ceſar* ey'd,
And at his own firm Purpoſe ſigh'd.
Then from their Swords a Gleam of Light
I ſaw, and trembled at the Sight:
The Victim fell, the Tyrant dy'd,
And *Freedom! Freedom!* loud was cry'd.
Impatient there I join'd the Stream,
And, ſtarting, found 'twas all a Dream.

HIS Majeſty's Poſtmaſter General having (for the better facilitating of Correſpondence between *Great Britain* and *America*) been pleaſed to add a fifth Packet Boat to the Station between *Falmouth* and *New York*, Notice is hereby given that the Mail, for the future, will be cloſed, at the Poſt Office in *New York*, at twelve of the Clock at Night, on the firſt *Tueſday* in every Month, and deſpatched by a Packet, the next Day, for *Falmouth*.

By Command of the Deputy Poſtmaſter General.
ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary.

To be SOLD *at* Cabin Point, *on* Wedneſday *the 1ſt of* January *next*,

TEN likely NEGROES, conſiſting of Men, Women, and Children; amongſt whom are two valuable young Houſe Wenches, and a Lad who has worked two Years with a Ship Carpenter. The Credit will be agreed on at the Day of Sale, and Bond, with approved Security, will be required. 2 JAMES BELSCHES.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a brown coloured HEIFER about three Years old laſt Spring, with ſome White in her Forehead and under her Belly, marked with a Crop and Nick under the right Ear, and a Crop in the left. Poſted, and appraiſed to thirty Shillings. MILES BOTT.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a bay MARE about four Feet and an Inch high, with ſome Saddle Spots on her Back, and branded on the near Buttock [illegible]. Poſted, and appraiſed to fifty Shillings.
MILES BOTT.

TAKEN up, in *Cheſterfield*, a large pied red and white COW, marked with a Crop in the right Ear. Poſted, and appraiſed to three Pounds. JAMES HARRIS,

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TAKEN up, in *Goochland*, a black and white STEER about four Years old, marked with an Underkeel in each Ear; alſo one about two Years old, marked with a Crop in one Ear, and a Hole in the other. Poſted, and appraiſed to three Pounds five Shillings.
WILLIAM HARRISON.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a very dark bay MARE about the middle Size, with ſeveral Saddle Spots on her Back, docked long, and ſeems to have been branded on the near Buttock A. Poſted, and appraiſed to eight Pounds. JOHN HOLMAN.

TAKEN up, in *Cheſterfield*, a middle ſized black MARE with a Blaze in her Face, her near hind Foot white, ſome Saddle Spots, a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, ſhod all round, and branded on the near Buttock with a Stirrup Iron. Poſted and appraiſed, to eleven Pounds.
EDMUND LOGWOOD.

TAKEN up, in *Cheſterfield*, a brindled pied BULL marked with a Crop and Underkeel in the right Ear, and a Half Crop in the left, with a Piece out of the upper Side. Poſted, and appraiſed to thirty Shillings.
HENRY HATCHER.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a red STEER about five Years old, marked with two ſmooth Crops, and the Ears cut very ſhort. Poſted, and appraiſed to five Pounds. THOMAS WALTHALL.

TAKEN up, in *Caroline*, a bay HORSE with a Star in his Forehead in the Shape of a Heart, his near hind Leg white almoſt to the Knee, and branded on the off Buttock T. Poſted and appraiſed, according to Law. ALEXANDER WHITE.

[illegible] April 1771.
GEORGE THOMAS.

N. B. The [illegible] Sale, on Application [illegible]

THIS is to give Notice, that there will be [illegible] ſale of Caſual Negroes, [illegible] at *King William* Court-[illegible] otherwiſe next Day. The Perſons who hire the ſaid Slaves muſt give Bond, with approved Security to the Truſtees.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND containing five Hundred and forty three Acres, on *Butterwood*, in *Amelia* County, formerly belonging to Mr. *Samuel Gordon*, of *Blandford*. The Land is good, and there are valuable Improvements on it. Alſo to be let on Leaſe, or ſold, two LOTS in the Town of *Blandford*, on *Appomattox* River, at preſent in the Occupation of Mr. *Patrick Ramſay*, with a Storehouſe, and every other neceſſary Building for a Merchant in conſiderable Buſineſs. For Terms apply to
PETERSBURG, *November* 20. Tf JERMAN BAKER.

To be LET on LEASE,

A VERY large and commodious HOUSE in the Town of *Petersburg*, built for a Tavern, and well fitted for that Buſineſs; it is two Stories high, has a Number of very convenient Lodging Rooms, and large and ſmall Rooms for the Entertainment of Gueſts. Any Perſon qualified for the Buſineſs of a Tavern Keeper, with a proper Capital, may find this as advantageous a Situation as any on the Continent. Apply to the Subſcriber, who lives on the Premiſes.
Tf THOMAS EGLETON.

To be SOLD, *altogether, or in Lots*,

ABOUT two Thouſand ſeven Hundred Acres of good LOW GROUNDS on both Sides of *Roanoke* River, and two Hundred Acres of HIGH LAND two Miles diſtant, lying in the Counties of *Halifax* and *Bertie*, twenty five Miles below the Town of *Halifax*, *North Carolina*. There are about ſix Hundred Acres of the Land cleared, with an Apple Orchard, a good Dwellinghouſe, Dairy, Smokehouſe, Negro Quarters, &c. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, in *Prince George*.
Tf RICHARD KIDDER MEADE.

N. B. There is a good FISHERY on the ſaid Land.

For SALE,

THE LAND whereon I live, in *Middleſex*, containing about two Thouſand two Hundred Acres, in good Order for Cropping, with Orchards and Buildings equal to any in the Colony; alſo thirteen Hundred Acres on the River *Piankatank*, in the County of *Glouceſter*, with a Mill, and good Orchards. The Stocks, which are very large, may be had with the Lands. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to Tf AUGUSTINE SMITH.

To be SOLD *at* Fredericksburg, *on* Monday *the* 13*th of* January, *if fair, otherwiſe next fair Day*,

ABOUT forty valuable *Virginia* born SLAVES, conſiſting of young Fellows, breeding Wenches, and Children. Credit will be allowed till the 10th of next *May*, on giving Bond, with good Security, to *John Wayles*, Eſquire, and the Subſcriber. Thoſe who do not diſcharge their Bonds immediately when due are to pay Intereſt from the Day of Purchaſe. THOMAS LOMAX.

STOLEN, or STRAYED, about the Middle of *November*, from Colonel *John Thornton's*, near *Conway's* Warehouſe, in *Caroline*, two very likely bay HORSES; one of them is about fifteen Hands high, and the other about fourteen and a Half, with Stars in their Foreheads, and Switch Tails; the ſmalleſt One is branded on the near Buttock with an O, the other not branded at all, but has ſeveral Saddle Spots, is a brighter bay than the other, and his near fore Leg appears to have been broken. Whoever will bring the ſaid Horſes to Colonel *John Thornton*, or to Mr. *James Maury*, Merchant, in *Fredricksburg*, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward for each.
WILLIAM JACKSON.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Amelia*, about the 7th of *July* laſt, a ſtout well made new Negro named SAMBO, five Feet nine or ten Inches high, and appears to be between twenty and thirty Years of Age, a very black Fellow, ſpeaks but little *Engliſh*, moves and talks ſlow, and probably cannot tell his Maſter's Name; he carried with him a Plains Coat with yellow Metal Buttons, a Pair of Breeches of the ſame, an old Pair of Linen Ditto, an old blue Frieze Jacket without Sleeves, an Oſnabrug Shirt, a white Linen Ditto, and an old Felt Hat. Whoever brings the ſaid Slave to me ſhall have a Reward of FIVE POUNDS if he is taken in this Colony, and TEN POUNDS if in any other. FRANCIS EPES.

RUN away from the *Lord Clive*, at *Norfolk*, an indented Servant named STEPHEN CLARKE, of a fair Complexion, about thirty three Years of Age, five Feet ſix Inches high, or thereabouts, a Tailor by Trade, ſtoops a little in his Walk, his Hair of a light brown Colour, and had on when he went away a light coloured Broadcloth Coat. He is ſuppoſed to be gone by Water to *North Carolina*, or to Sir *Peyton Skipwith's* Plantation, on the Forks of *Roanoke*, where his Wife's Brother (*Robert Reader*) lives, who came into the Country in the ſame Ship upwards of two Years ago. Whoever brings the ſaid *Stephen Clarke* to me at *Richmond*, on the Falls of *James* River, or to *James Marſden* at *Norfolk*, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.
Tf JOSHUA STORRS.

WILLIAMSBURG, *December* 9, 1772.

COMMITTED to the publick Jail, from *Surry* County, a Runaway Negro named ROB, who appears to be two or three and twenty Years of Age, about five Feet ſix Inches high, marked with three Gaſhes on each Temple, agreeable to the *African* Cuſtom, has loſt one of his fore Teeth from the upper Jaw, and is of a black Complexion. The Owner is deſired to prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away. PETER PELHAM.

TAKEN up, in *Caroline*, a bright bay Horſe about three Years old, four Feet ſeven or eight Inches high, with a Switch Tail, and branded on the near Buttock [illegible]. Poſted, and appraiſed to twelve Pounds. LUNSFORD LOMAX.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a ſmall ſorrel MARE about four Feet two Inches high, with a Blaze in her Face, a ſmall Nick under one of her Ears, a hanging Mane and Switch Tail, and branded on the near Buttock [illegible]. Poſted, and appraiſed to five Pounds ten Shillings.
JOHN HAWKS.

TAKEN up, in *Botetourt*, a black STEER without Mark or Brand, and has been about my Plantation near two Years. Poſted, and appraiſed to thirty Shillings. JOHN MULEY.

[illegible] October 14, 1771.
In Chancery.

[illegible] having entered [illegible] Court, on the Motion of [illegible] who hath Effects of [illegible] the ſaid Plaintiff in his Hands, as is ſuggeſted, do not pay, convey away, or [illegible] ſaid Effects, except purſuant to former Decrees againſt him, until the further Order of Directions of this Court concerning the ſame; but that he deliver up ſuch Effects, or ſo much thereof as will be of Value ſufficient to ſatisfy the Demand of the Plaintiff, unto the ſaid Plaintiff, upon his giving Security to the Clerk of this Court for the Return of ſuch Effects, in caſe Defendant, and to ſuch Perſon as the Court ſhall hereafter direct. And it is further ordered, that the ſaid Defendant (*Lewis* [illegible]) do appear before this Court on the firſt Day of the next Court, to anſwer the Bill of the Plaintiff; and that a Copy of this Order be, within [illegible] Days, inſerted in the VIRGINIA GAZETTE, for two Months ſucceſſively, and poſted up at the front Door of the Capitol, in the City of *Williamſburg*.
6 BEN: WALLER.

To be SOLD, *very cheap*,

TWO LOTS, or Half Acres of Ground, on the main Street of *Fredericksburg*, whereon is a genteel well built Brick Houſe, the beſt in the Town, and a LOT on the River, near the ferry, where Veſſels of large burden may lie cloſe to the Shore. Inquire of Mr. *Roger Dixon* in *Fredericksburg*, or the Subſcriber at *William* and *Mary* College. JOHN DIXON.

N. B. Credit will be allowed for Half the Purchaſe Money, on giving good Security, and paying Intereſt from the Date. 6

NORFOLK, *October* 31, 1771.

THE Subſcriber having provided convenient Warehouſes for the Reception of Goods, purpoſes following the Buſineſs of Commiſſion, either by private Sale or publick Vendue, and begs leave to aſſure the Publick that his beſt Endeavours ſhall be uſed to diſpoſe of any Goods given him for Sale to the moſt Advantage, and that they may expect the greateſt Punctuality in the Payment of the Proceeds, being determined to continue the Buſineſs no longer than he finds he can do it, and, in Order to enable him to do this, he hopes every Perſon purchaſing at any of his Sales will be punctual in their Payments, without which he muſt labour under Difficulties in ſupporting his own Credit. He has alſo opened an ENSURANCE OFFICE; any Orders from the Country for Inſurance will be as punctually complied with as if the Perſon was preſent, the greateſt Care taken to have good People to the Policies, and that they ſhall be ſent by the firſt ſafe Conveyance. Gentlemen who do not regularly attend the General Courts, and Courts of *Oyer*, are requeſted to forward the Premiums with their Orders, as it is cuſtomary here for them at ſigning the Policies; thoſe who attend the Courts may pay the Premiums there. 9 JAMES ARCHDEACON.

WILLIAMSBURG, *October* 15, 1771.

COMMITTED to the publick Jail, from *Buckingham*, Priſon, a Negro Man named SHARPER, a likely well made Fellow, who ſeems to be about twenty two Years of Age, ſpeaks broken *Engliſh*, and either cannot or will not tell his Owner's Name, or from what Part of the Colony he came. Whoever has a juſt Claim to him is deſired to take him away and pay Charges.
12 PETER PELHAM, K. P. C.

NORFOLK, *September* 11, 1771.

I INTEND for *England* early in the Spring, and requeſt all thoſe who have any open Accounts on my Books to ſettle them. Bonds, or Caſh, will be required from all indebted, and Payment made to thoſe who have Balances in their Favour. I expect all Perſons concerned will pay due Regard to this Advertiſement, as all Accounts unſettled, after the firſt Day of *January* next, will be put in Suit. My Buſineſs here, after that Time, will be tranſacted by *William Aylett* and *Richard Marſhall*. Tf JOHN GREENWOOD.

For SALE, *or to be* RENTED *for a Term of Years, and entered upon immediately*,

THE capital Prize drawn in the Honourable *William Byrd's* Lottery, conſiſting of a DOUBLE FORGE and valuable GRIST MILL, with two Acres and a Half of LAND adjoining; alſo two Thouſand Acres of exceeding good LAND, the faireſt Part of which is not more than three Miles from the Works. The Land, &c. will be ſold, or rented, with or without the Forge and Mill, and laid off in ſmall Parcels to ſuit Purchaſers. Long Credit (if required) will be allowed for great Part of the Money, Bond with approved Security being given.—I would have no Objection to diſpoſe of one Moiety of the Whole, or the Stream with or without the Land, to a ſuitable Partner. It is capable of great Improvement, being ſituated in the Heart of a fine Wheat Country, and at a ſmall Expenſe, the Forge may be converted into a good Merchant Mill, which would manufacture a Hundred Thouſand Buſhels in a Seaſon, beſides the Advantage ariſing from the Grift mill, which is worth at leaſt, two Hundred Pounds a Year. The Terms will be made agreeable, and the Land and Works may be viewed, at any Time, by applying to *Mr. Richard Crump*, Merchant at *Rocky Ridge*.
HENRY MORSE.

*** The UTENSILS, and OLD IRON, belonging to the Forge, will be ſold on reaſonable Terms. Tf

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RUN away from the Subſcriber, in *Lancaſter*, on the 24th of *December* laſt, a Negro Man named WILL, about five Feet eight or nine Inches high, between thirty and forty Years of Age, but looks older than what he really is. He has been at Work in Norfolk for ſome Time paſt, and went by the Name of *William Moore*, as a Freeman. He is a very good Hoſtler and Gardener; and what may defeat him ſooner, he is very fond of Liquor, and when drunk very quarrelſome and ſaucy. Whoever will ſecure him in any Jail, and give me Intelligence ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS, and if brought to me FIFTEEN POUNDS, paid on the Delivery of the Negro.
Tf JOHN WORMELEY.

AS I intend to remove up the Country next Fall, I would ſell my Plantation in *King & Queen* County, which conſiſts of ſix Hundred and fifty five Acres of LAND, pleaſantly ſituated on *Mattapony River*, about ſix Miles above *Weſt Point*, and has on it a very good neat convenient Brick Houſe with two large Rooms, two Cloſets, and a Paſſage on a Floor, with good Cellars underneath, two very pleaſant Porticoes, one above and the other below Stairs, neatly finiſhed, with Benifters and *India* Work, a very convenient Storehouſe fifty Feet long, with two Floors and a Cellar, and all other Outhouſes neceſſary, Garden, &c. in good Order. The Land is good for Corn, and with Manure will produce fine Tobacco. There is alſo belonging to the above mentioned Tract one Hundred Acres of Marſh, lying oppoſite, on the other Side the River, which is very convenient for getting Hay, &c. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may be ſhown the Land, and know the Terms, by applying to JOHN MEREDITH.

Who has alſo for Sale another Plantation in *King & Queen* County, adjoining *Weſt Point*, known by the Name of *Sweet's Point*, containing two Hundred Acres, adjoining the Land of Mr. *Benjamin Meredith*, on which is a good Stock of Marſh, that with little Trouble might be made a valuable Meadow. The Land is well timbered, but no Improvements on it.

I have alſo three Lots in *Weſt Point* for Sale, whereon is a neat little Dwellinghouſe with ſome Rooms on a Floor, and an old Kitchen. The above mentioned Land will be ſold together, or in ſeparate Tracts, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER at 12*ſ.* 6*d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inſerted in it for 3*ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2*ſ.* each Week after.——*** All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.